

# The Statute of Marlborough 1267 [Distress]

#### 1267 CHAPTER 1 52 Hen 3 cc 1 4 15

The STATUTE of MARLBOROUGH.

#### **Annotations:**

#### **Editorial Information**

X1 The original text of this Act was not modern English. The traditional translation appears first with obsolete characters modernised. The original text (as an image) appears second.

#### **Modifications etc. (not altering text)**

C1 Short title given by Statute Law Revision Act 1948 (c. 62), Sch 2

Provisions made at Marlborough in the Presence of our Lord King Henry, and Richard King of the Romans, and the Lord Edward eldest Son of the said King Henry, and the Lord Ottobon, at that Time Legate in England.

In the Year of Grace, One thousand two hundred sixty-seven, the two-and-fiftieth Year of the Reign of King Henry, Son of King John, in the Utas of Saint Martin, the said King our Lord providing for the better Estate of his Realm of England, and for the more speedy Ministration of Justice, as belongeth to the Office of a King, the more discreet Men of the Realm being called together, as well of the higher as of the lower Estate: [X2] It was Provided, agreed, and ordained, that whereas the Realm of England of late had been disquieted with manifold Troubles and Dissensions; for Reformation whereof Statutes and Laws be right necessary, whereby the Peace and Tranquillity of the People must be observed; wherein the King, intending to devise convenient Remedy, hath made these Acts, Ordinances, and Statutes underwritten, which he willeth to be observed for ever firmly and inviolably of all his Subjects, as well high as low.]

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the The Statute of Marlborough 1267 [Distress]. (See end of Document for details)

#### **Annotations:**

#### **Editorial Information**

X2 Variant reading of the text noted in *The Statutes of the Realm* as follows: *It was Provided and established and with full consent ordained, That (whereas the Realm of England having been of late depressed by manifold Troubles and the evils of Dissensions, standeth in need of a Reformation of the Laws and Usages, whereby the Peace and Tranquillity of the People may be preserved, whereto it behoved the King and his liege Men to apply an wholesome Remedy,) the Provisions, Ordinances, and Statutes underwritten, should be firmly and inviolably observed by all the People of the same Realm, as well high as low, for ever.* 

## I Of wrongful Distresses, or Defiances of the King's Courts. Punishment for unlawful Distresses.

Whereas at the time of a Commotion late stirred up within this Realm, and also sithence, many great Men, and divers other, [X3] refusing to be justified] by the King and his Court, like as they ought and were wont in Time of the King's noble Progenitors, and also in his Time; but took great Revenges and Distresses of their Neighbours, and of other, until they had Amends and Fines at their own Pleasure; and further, some of them [X4] would not be justified] by the King's Officers, nor [X5] would] suffer them to make Delivery of such Distresses as they had taken of their own Authority (X6); It is Provided, agreed, and granted, that all Persons, as well of high as of low Estate, shall (X7) receive Justice in the King's Court; and none from henceforth shall take any such Revenge or Distress of his own Authority, without Award of [X8] Court, though he have Damage or Injury, whereby he would have amends of his Neighbour either higher or lower.

And upon the foresaid Article It is Provided and granted, that if any from henceforth take such Revenges of his own Authority, without Award of the King's Court as before is said, and be convict thereof, he shall be punished by Fine, and that according to the Trespass; and likewise if one Neighbour take a Distress of another without Award of the King's Court, whereby he hath Damage, he shall be punished in the same wise, and that after the Quantity of the Trespass; and nevertheless sufficient and full Amends shall be made to them that have sustained Loss by such Distresses.

#### **Annotations:**

#### **Editorial Information**

- X3 Variant reading of the text noted in *The Statutes of the Realm* as follows: have disdained to be justised
- X4 Variant reading of the text noted in *The Statutes of the Realm* as follows: will not be justised
- X5 Variant reading of the text noted in *The Statutes of the Realm* as follows: will
- X6 Variant reading of the text noted in *The Statutes of the Realm* as follows: at their own Pleasure
- X7 Variant reading of the text noted in *The Statutes of the Realm* as follows: do, and
- X8 Variant reading of the text noted in The Statutes of the Realm as follows: the King's

#### IV Distresses shall not be driven out of the County. Distresses shall be reasonable.

None from henceforth shall cause any Distress that he hath taken, to be driven out of the County where it was [taken]; and if one Neighbour do so to another of his own Authority, and without Judgment, he shall make Fine, as above is said, as for a Thing

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done against the Peace; nevertheless, if the Lord Presume so to do against his Tenant, he shall be grievously punished by Amerciament.

Moreover, Distresses shall be reasonable, and not too great; and he that taketh [\*\*great] and unreasonable Distresses, shall be grievously amerced for the Excess of such Distresses

#### **Annotations:**

#### **Editorial Information**

X9 Variant reading of the text noted in *The Statutes of the Realm* as follows: *undue* 

#### XV In what Places Distresses shall not be taken.

It shall be lawful for no Man from henceforth, for any manner of cause, to take Distresses out of his Fee, nor in the King's Highway, nor in the common Street, but only to the King or his Officers, [having special authority to do the same.]

Statutum de Marleberge

Ex Lib. Rub. Scacc. Westm. f

Provisiones facte apd Ma leberg, psent Dño Rege H. & F Rege Alem, & Dño Edwardo f ejusdē H. Reg Primogenit, o Dño Octobono tunc legato i

Amo gie M' C'C Lx' septim regui autem Drii H. Regis. Johis quinquagesim Regis Johis quinquagesim goudente jop Dro Rege, ad tregui sui Angli meliorachem & exhibeem justice justificem justice justificem justice justificem justice justicem justice processor de regui tam ex majoriba; qi mortoria, pregui angli mits exhibeem justice justicem ex majoriba; qi mortoria, pregui Angli mits tribulacionit. di defensam reformache legium.

incolaş conservet', indigeat, ar quod remediü salubre p ipn Regem & suos fideles oportui adhiberi, pvisiones, ordinacoe & statuta subsc'pta, ab omib regni ipius incolis tam majorib q'm minorib3 firmi? ac inviolat ilit tempib3 ppetuis obsvent'.

Cum igit' tempore turbaconis nup in Regno suborte & deincens, multi Magnates & alii jus-

ticiam nö dignati fuerint recipe p Dām Regem & Cuř ejus, pu debidunt & consue'unt tempto plecessoş i pius Dāi Regis & & tempe suo, set de vicinis sui et aliis p seipos graves ulciones fecent, & graves districones quousaç redempcones recepint ad voluntatem suam: Et přequidam eog se iusticiari no

pm'tant p ministros Dai Regis, in sustricant qui pe osi liberi dist'econes quas aucloritate pria fectua dei voltatem suma: pvisum est & concordit concessum, qui tam majores q'm minores justiciam ['faciant] & recipiant in Cup Din Regis, cut dist'obnes faciant pipers sui distribution di distribution distribution distribution distribution di distribution distrib

sum est & concessum, ut si qui de cefo ulcoem h'i capiat p vo untatem suam pp'am, sine cor sidaçõe Cui D nii Regis (') & ind covincat', puniatur p redem; coem, & hoc sòdm q'ntitated delichi; & similif si sup vicin suu faciat dist-cônes sine cons dacône Cui D nii Regis, p quo dampnii heat, puniat' codn

\*ficant MS. Cott. Claud. D. II: L. Scacc. X. The Copy in MS. Co is marked Ex'p rotul. but oblim out MS. Cott. modo, & hoc sčdm [\*delićti s qualitatem:] & nichilomin\* fia emende plene & sufficientes e qui dampnū s\*tinulint p h

Nullus de cefo duce faci dist'ezces quas fecit ext' Com quo funt: Et si vicinus hoc fec sup' vicinù p voluntatem sua & sine judico, puniat' p redem coem ut sup', veluti de re con pacem: Verumpfa si Dås h sup' tenêtem sui dace psumpsi castigetur p g'vem miscfdam. Dist'ecces insup sint rona lles & no nimis eraves: al

excessum distrecon u ipaz.

["Nulli de cetero liceat e q"cumo; causa districcones facere ext feodum suŭ, neo; ir regia aut ĉoi strata, nisi Dño

<sup>\*q'</sup> ntitatem deličti MS. Cott: Lib Scacc. X. This Clause is inserted in the Tex from the Close Roll.—Lib Rub Scac & Lib. X. omit the Clause.— Rot. Par. MS. Cott; Rot Bodf

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