fo much as shall be sufficient to make up the faid yearly fund for discharging all the annuities to be purchased on this act, to reward the officers, clerks, and others to be employed in the payment of the fald amuities, of the accounts thereof; for their labour, pains, charges, and fervice therein respectively, and to defray all other the necessary charges incident to the payment of the said annuities, as to the said treasurer or commissioners of the treasury for the time being, shall seem meet and reasonable in that behalf; any thing in this act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXI. And whereas there are admitted in the Exchequer many Subscriptions subscriptions for annieties to this act before the same has had the royal admitted beeffent, be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That fore the royal all subscriptions made or taken, or which shall be made and affent, void. taken, before the royal affent given to this act, shall be, and

are hereby declared to be null and void.

## CAP. VI.

An att for randring the union of the two kingdoms more intire and compleat.

HEREAS by her Majesty's great wisdom and goodness the union of the two kingdoms bath been bappily effected, and the whole island is thereby subject to one sovereignty, and represented by one parliament: to the end therefore that the faid union may be rendred more compleat and intire, be it enacted by the Queen's " most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament affembled, and by the authority of the fathe, That from and after the first day of May, in the year of our Lord one From 1 May, thousand seven hundred and eight, the Queen's majesty, her Queen to have heirs and successors, shall have but one privy council in or for but one privy the kingdom of Great Britain, to be sworn to her Majesty, her council in heirs and successors, as sovereigns of Great Britain; and such Great Britain. privy council shall have the same powers and authorities as the privy council of England lawfully had, used, and exercised at the time of the union, and none other.

II. And to the end the publick peace may be in like manner justices of preserved throughout the whole united kingdom; be it further peace to be enacted by the authority aforesaid, That in every shire and appointed in flewartry within that part of Great Britain called Scotland, and every thire and flewartry also in such cities, boroughs, liberties, and precincts within of Scotland.

Scotland, as her Majesty, her heirs or successors shall think fit, there shall be appointed by her Majesty, her heirs or successors, under the great seal of Great Britain, a sufficient number of good Explained as and lawful men to be justices of the peace within their respec- to dittage and tive shires, stewartries, cities, boroughs, liberties, or precincts; porteets rolls, which persons so appointed, over and above the several powers by 8 Anna, and authorities vested in justices of the peace by the laws of 1. 16. s. 3. Scotland, shall be further authorized to do, use and exercise over

all persons within their several bounds, whatever doth appertain to the office and trust of a justice of peace, by virtue of the laws · Vol. XI. and

Digitized by Google

Proviso.

and acts of parliament made in England before the union, in relation to and for the preservation of the publick peace. Provided nevertheless, That in the sessions of the peace the methods of trial and judgments shall be according to the laws and customs of Scotland.

Not to alter

III. Provided, That nothing in this act contained shall be the privileges construed to alter or infringe any rights, liberties, or privileges of Edinburgh, heretofore granted to the city of Edinburgh, or to any other royal borough, of being justices of peace within their respective bounds.

Circuit courts to be kept twice a year.

IV. And whereas by an act made in Scotland in the third seffion of the second parliament of the late King Charles the Second, intituled, An act concerning the regulation of the judicaturies, several good and wholsome provisions were made concerning the justice court, and amongst others it was thereby enacted, That once a year circuit courts should be kept at the time and places in the faid of mentioned: now for the better and speedier administration of justice, and further preservation of the publick peace in that part of the kingdom of Great Britain, called Scotland, be it also enacted by the authority aforesaid, That for the future, twice in the year, that is to fay, in the months of April or May, and in the month of October, circuit courts shall be kept in the several places in the faid act mentioned, and in manner and form as in the faid act contained.

In what manner the 45 representatives of Scotland

V. And for the more uniform and express method of electing and returning members of parliament, be it likewise further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That when any parliament shall at any time hereafter be summoned or called, the forty shall be elected five representatives of Scotland in the house of commons of the parliament of Great Britain, shall be elected and chosen by authority of the Queen's writs under the great feal of Great Britain, directed to the several sheriffs and stewarts of the respective shires and stewartries; and the said several sheriffs and stewarts shall, on receipt of such writs, forthwith give notice of the time of election for the knights or commissioners for their respective shires or stewartries, and at such time of election the feveral freeholders in the respective shires and stewartries shall meet and convene at the head burghs of their feveral shires and stewartries, and proceed to the election of their respective commissioners or knights for the shire or stewartry; and the clerks of the said meetings, immediately after the said elections are over, shall respectively return the names of the persons elected to the sheriff or stewart of the shire or stewartry, who shall annex it to his writ, and return it with the same into the court out of which the writ issued: and as to the manner of election of the fifteen representatives of the royal boroughs, the sheriff of the shire of Edinburgh shall, on the receipt of the writ directed to him, forthwith direct his precept to the lord provait of Edinburgh, to cause a burgess to be elected for that city; and on receipt of such precept, the city of Edinburgh shall elect their member, and their common clerk shall certify his name to the Cheriff

theriff of Edinburgh, who shall annex it to his writ, and return it with the same into the court from whence the writ isfued: and as to the other royal burghs, divided into fourteen classes or districts, the theriffs or stewarts of the several shires and stewartries, shall on the receipt of their several writs, forthwith direct their several precepts to every royal borough within their respective shires or stewartries, reciting therein the contents of the writ, and the date thereof, and commanding them forthwith to elect each of them a commissioner as they used formerly to elect commissioners to the parliament of Scotland. and to order the faid respective commissioners to meet at the prefiding borough of their respective district (naming the said prefiding borough) upon the thirtieth day after the day of the Teste of the writ, unless it be upon the Lord's day, commonly called Sunday, and then the next day after, and then to choose their burgess for the parliament; and the common clerk of the then prefiding borough shall immediately after the election, return the name of the person so elected to the sheriff or stewart of the shire or stewartry wherein such presiding borough is, who. shall annex it to his writ, and return it with the same into the court from whence the writ issued; and in case a vacancy shall How vacanhappen in time of parliament, by the decease or legal incapaci- in time of ty of any member, a new member shall be elected in his room, parliament conformable to the method herein before appointed; and in shall be supcase such vacancy be of a representative for any one of the said plied. fourteen classes, or districts of the said royal boroughs, that borough which prefided at the election of the deceased or dissbled member, shall be the presiding borough at such new election.

VI. Provided always, That upon the issuing of writs of sum- Shire or stewmons for the electing of a parliament, if any shire or stewartry artry, &c. not wherein a royal borough is, hath not then a turn or right to having a turn to elect, to be elect a commissioner, or knight of the shire or stewartry for omitted out of that parliament, that then it shall be omitted out of the writ the writ, &c. directed to such sheriff or stewart, to cause a knight, commisfioner for that shire or stewartry, to be elected for that parliament.

## CAP. VII.

Att att for the security of her Majesty's person and government, and of the succession to the crown of Great Britain in the protestant line.

[7HEREAS by the happy union of England and Scotland, it is become necessary to make divers alterations in relation to an act passed in the parliament of England, in the fourth year of the 4 Ann. c. 84 reign of her present Majesty, whom God long preserve, intituled, An act for the better security of her Majesty's person and government, and of the succession to the crown of England in the protestant line, and to extend the provisions of the said ast throughout the whole united kingdom, for the better security of our most gracious 1000-