

the said Orders by the Promoters, the Board of Trade may, as soon as they conveniently can, after such proof of compliance as aforesaid, procure a Bill to be introduced into either House of Parliament for an Act to confirm such Provisional Order, and such Bill shall be deemed to be a Bill introduced in pursuance of section fourteen of the Tramways Act, 1870, and the provisions of the said section shall, so far as the same are applicable, apply to such Bill.

Provisional  
Orders.

As soon as conveniently may be after the passing of this Act, any money deposited in accordance with the provisions of the Tramways Act, 1870, by the Promoters of any of the said Provisional Orders in respect of any Tramways thereby authorised, shall be returned to such Promoters, and the Court of Chancery, acting by a Judge in Chambers or otherwise, upon production of a certificate purporting to be signed by a Secretary or Assistant Secretary of the Board of Trade, to the effect that the Promoters are entitled to such deposit, shall order the same to be paid to the Promoters or as they shall direct.

2. This Act may be cited for all purposes as "The Metropolitan Tramways Provisional Orders Suspension Act, 1871." Short title of Act.

### SCHEDULE.

The Promoters of any Provisional Order intending to proceed with such Order, in pursuance of the provisions of this Act, shall, in the months of October and November 1871, publish once in the London Gazette and once at least in two successive weeks in some one and the same newspaper circulating in the district affected by such order, a notice of their intention to apply to the Board of Trade for the confirmation of such Order by Act of Parliament.

They shall also deposit at the office of the Board of Trade, on or before the 23rd December 1871,

- (1.) Copies of the gazette and newspapers containing such notice,
- (2.) An estimate of the expense of the proposed works, signed by the person making the same.

The Promoters shall, on or before the 15th January 1872, pay as a deposit, in accordance with the provisions of the Tramways Act, 1870, and the Board of Trade rules made in pursuance thereof, a sum of money not less than four per cent. on the amount of the estimate of the cost of the proposed undertaking.

### CHAP. 70.

An Act for constituting a Local Government Board, and vesting therein certain functions of the Secretary of State and Privy Council concerning the Public Health and Local Government, together with the powers and duties of the Poor Law Board.

[14th August 1871.]

WHEREAS it is expedient to concentrate in one department of the Government as herein-after provided the supervision of the laws relating to the public health, the relief of the poor, and local government:

Be it enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows :

*Preliminary.*

Short title.      **1.** This Act may be cited as "The Local Government Board Act, 1871."

*Establishment of Local Government Board.*

Establishment  
of Local Go-  
vernment  
Board.

**2.** A board shall be established, to be called the Local Government Board, and from and after the establishment of such Board the Poor Law Board shall cease to exist, and all powers and duties vested in or imposed on the Poor Law Board by the several Acts of Parliament relating to the relief of the poor and any other Acts, or vested in or imposed on one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State by the enactments in that behalf mentioned in the first part of the schedule annexed hereto, so far as such powers and duties relate to England, or vested in or imposed on Her Majesty's most honourable Privy Council by the enactments in that behalf specified in the second part of the said schedule, shall be transferred to and imposed on the said Local Government Board, and, except as otherwise provided by this Act, shall be exercised and performed by such Board in like manner and form, and subject to the same conditions, liabilities, and incidents respectively as such powers and duties might before the passing of this Act have been exercised and performed by the authorities in whom the same were then vested respectively, or as near thereto as circumstances admit.

Constitution  
of Local  
Government  
Board.

**3.** The Local Government Board shall consist of a president to be appointed by Her Majesty, and to hold office during the pleasure of Her Majesty, and of the following ex-officio members, that is to say, the Lord President of Her Majesty's most honourable Privy Council, all her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State for the time being, the Lord Privy Seal, and the Chancellor of the Exchequer.

The Local Government Board shall be deemed to be established from and after the date of the first appointment of a president under this Act.

The Local Government Board may appoint in writing such secretaries, assistant secretaries, inspectors, auditors, clerks, messengers, and other officers as the Board may, with the sanction of the Treasury, determine.

No payment shall be made in respect of their duties under this Act to the ex-officio members of the Local Government Board, but there shall be paid out of moneys provided by Parliament to the president, secretaries, and other officers of the Board such salaries as the Treasury may from time to time determine: Provided, that the appointment of any officer to a new office made by the Local Government Board in

pursuance of this section shall be deemed to be temporary only until the salary of such office has been provided for by Parliament.

4. The president and one of the secretaries of the Local Government Board shall at the same time be capable of being elected to and of voting in the Commons House of Parliament, and the office of president shall be deemed to be an office included in Schedule H. of the Representation of the People Act, 1867; in Schedule H. of the Representation of the People (Scotland) Act, 1868; and in Schedule E. of the Representation of the People (Ireland) Act, 1868.

President and one of the secretaries may sit in Parliament.

5. The Local Government Board may adopt an official seal, and describe themselves generally by the style and title of "The Local Government Board," and, save as herein-after provided, any act to be done or instrument to be executed by or on behalf of the Local Government Board may be done or executed in the name of that Board by the president or by any member of the Local Government Board, or by a secretary or assistant secretary, if such secretary or assistant secretary is authorised to do or execute the same by any general order of the Local Government Board.

Seal, style, and acts of Board.

A rule, order, or regulation made by the Local Government Board shall be valid if it is made under the seal of the Board, and signed by the president or one of the ex-officio members of the Board, and countersigned by a secretary or assistant secretary; and the production of such *primâ facie* evidence of any of the said rules, orders, or regulations as is required by the Documentary Evidence Act, 1868, with respect to the rules, orders, or regulations of the Poor Law Board, shall, until the contrary is shown, be a sufficient proof that any such rule, order, or regulation of the Local Government Board was duly made.

6. All officers, clerks, and other persons employed in or about the execution of the powers and duties by this Act transferred to the Local Government Board shall, from and after the establishment of the Local Government Board, be attached to and under the control of the Local Government Board.

Transfer of officers.

The officers, clerks, and persons so attached shall in other respects hold their offices and places upon the same terms and conditions, and shall have the same powers, privileges, and immunities with respect to the performance of their duties as if this Act had not passed.

The Local Government Board may, by order, distribute the business to be performed under the Local Government Board amongst the several officers and persons transferred to the Board by this Act in such manner as the Local Government Board may think expedient.

7. In the construction of and for the purposes of any Act of Parliament, contract, or other document passed, entered into, or made before the establishment of the Local Govern-

Construction of Acts and documents and power of

Local Govern-  
ment Board.

ment Board, but so far only as may be necessary for exercising the powers and discharging the duties by this Act transferred to and imposed on the Local Government Board, the name of such Board shall, according to circumstances, be deemed to be substituted for the Poor Law Board, one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, or Her Majesty's most honourable Privy Council, as the case may require ; and any act or thing which might, if this Act had not passed, have been done by the Poor Law Board, or by one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, or by Her Majesty's most honourable Privy Council, so far as relates to the powers and duties hereby transferred, may be done by the Local Government Board.

Duplicate  
returns to be  
sent to Local  
Government  
Board.

8. Where under an Act, whether passed before or after the passing of this Act, any return relative to any rate, toll, tax, or due raised in England (other than such as is raised for the public revenue of the United Kingdom) is required to be sent to one of Her Majesty's Secretaries of State or any other department of the Government, a duplicate of such return shall in like manner be sent to the Local Government Board, and any person failing to send the same shall be subject to the like penalties as a person neglecting to send any return under the Act of the session of the twenty-third and twenty-fourth years of the reign of Her present Majesty, chapter fifty-one.

## SCHEDULE referred to in the foregoing Act.

### PART I.

#### *Powers and Duties of Secretary of State.*

Subject.	Act.
Registration of Births, Deaths, and Marriages.	6 & 7 W. 4. c. 86. 7 W. 4. & 1 Vict. c. 22.
Public Health - - -	11 & 12 Vict. c. 63.
Local Government - - -	21 & 22 Vict. c. 98. 24 & 25 Vict. c. 61. 26 & 27 Vict. c. 17.
Drainage. Sanitary Matters -	28 & 29 Vict. c. 75. 29 & 30 Vict. c. 90. 30 & 31 Vict. c. 113. 31 & 32 Vict. c. 115. 32 & 33 Vict. c. 100.
Baths and Wash-houses - - -	9 & 10 Vict. c. 74. 10 & 11 Vict. c. 61.
Public Improvements - - -	23 & 24 Vict. c. 30.
Towns Improvement - - -	10 & 11 Vict. c. 34.
Artizans and Labourers Dwellings -	31 & 32 Vict. c. 130.
Returns. Local taxation - - -	23 & 24 Vict. c. 51.
	And any Acts amending the said Acts, and conferring powers on the said Secretary of State.

## PART II.

*Powers and Duties of Privy Council.*

Subject.	Act.
Prevention of Disease - -	11 & 12 Vict. c. 63. 18 & 19 Vict. c. 116. Sections one, three, five, and six of 21 & 22 Vict. c. 97. 22 & 23 Vict. c. 3. 23 & 24 Vict. c. 77. 29 & 30 Vict. c. 90. 31 & 32 Vict. c. 115.
Vaccination - - -	30 & 31 Vict. c. 84. And any Acts amending the said Acts, and conferring powers on the said Privy Council.

**CHAP. 71.****An Act to amend the Public Libraries Act, 1855.**

[14th August 1871.]

**W**HEREAS it is expedient to amend and extend the 18 & 19 Vict. c. 70.  
Public Libraries Act, 1855, herein-after referred to as  
the "principal Act:"

Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

**1.** Every local board, under the Public Health Act, 1848, and the Local Government Act, 1858, or either of them, is empowered, in like manner as a board under any Improvement Act, to adopt and carry into execution the principal Act. Local boards to put principal Act into execution.

**2.** For the purposes aforesaid, the following words in the principal Act shall have the following extended significations; viz., the word "board" shall mean any such local board as aforesaid; the words "improvement rate" shall mean the general district rate levied by any such board; the word "ratepayers" shall mean all persons assessed to and paying such general district rate; the word "district" shall mean the district in which such local board has authority to levy a general district rate; the term "Improvement Act" shall mean the Local Government Act, 1858. Interpretation of terms.

**3.** So much of section fifteen of the principal Act as refers to the Towns Improvement Clauses Act, 1847, shall not apply to rates made by local boards under the principal Act; but nothing herein contained shall enable local boards to levy or expend for the purposes of the principal Act any greater sum in any year than one penny in the pound. Sect. 15 of recited Act not to apply to rates made by local boards.

**4.** For carrying into execution the principal Act, every such local board may borrow upon mortgage of the general district rate or any separate rate to be levied under the principal Act; Provision as to borrowing by local boards for purposes of recited Act.